

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS BEAUMONT DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

V.

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CASE NO. 1:09-CR-109(3)

ROBERTO DELGADO JIMENEZ

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FINDINGS OF FACT AND RECOMMENDATION ON GUILTY PLEA BEFORE THE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

By order of the District Court, this matter was referred to the undersigned United States Magistrate Judge for administration of a guilty plea and allocution under Rules 11 and 32 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure. Magistrate judges have the statutory authority to conduct a felony guilty plea proceeding as an "additional duty" pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(3). *United States v. Bolivar-Munoz*, 313 F.3d 253, 255 (5th Cir. 2002), *cert. denied*, 123 S. Ct. 1642 (2003).

On February 25, 2010, this cause came before the undersigned United States Magistrate Judge for entry of a guilty plea by the defendant, on **Count 1** of the charging **Indictment** filed in this cause. Count 1 of the Indictment charges that from in or about December 1988, the exact date being unknown to the Grand Jury, and continuing thereafter until August 5, 2009, in the

Eastern District of Texas and elsewhere, Defendant Roberto Delgado Jimenez and other defendants did knowingly or intentionally combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together with each other and with persons known and unknown to the Grand Jury, to distribute and possess with intent to distribute a Schedule I controlled substance, namely marijuana, in an amount of one thousand (1,000) kilograms or more, in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 841(a)(1) and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2, all in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Section 846. *See Indictment*.

Defendant, Roberto Delgado Jimenez, entered a plea of guilty to Count 1 of the Indictment into the record at the hearing.

After conducting the proceeding in the form and manner prescribed by Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11 the Court finds:

- a. That Defendant, after consultation with counsel of record, has knowingly, freely, and voluntarily consented to the administration of the guilty plea in this cause by a United States Magistrate Judge in the Eastern District of Texas subject to a final approval and imposition of sentence by the District Court.
- b. That Defendant and the Government have entered into a plea agreement which was disclosed and addressed in open court, entered into the record, and placed under seal.
- c. That Defendant is fully competent and capable of entering an informed plea, that Defendant is aware of the nature of the charges and the consequences of the plea, and that the plea of guilty is a knowing, voluntary, and freely made plea. Upon addressing the Defendant

personally in open court, the Court determines that Defendant's plea is voluntary and did not result from force, threats or promises. *See* FED. R. CRIM. P. 11(b)(2).

d. That Defendant's knowing, voluntary, and freely made plea is supported by an independent factual basis establishing each of the essential elements of the offense, and Defendant realizes that his conduct falls within the definition of the crimes charged under 21 U.S.C. § 846.

STATEMENT OF REASONS

As factual support for Defendant's guilty plea, the government presented evidence with the plea agreement. See Factual Basis, Included in Plea Agreement. In support, the Government would prove that Defendant, Roberto Delgado Jimenez, is one and the same person charged in the Indictment and that the events described in the Indictment occurred in the Eastern District of Texas and elsewhere. The Government would also have proven, beyond a reasonable doubt, each and every essential element of the offense alleged in the Indictment through the testimony of witnesses, including expert witnesses, and admissible exhibits. In support of the Defendant's plea, the Court incorporates the proffer of evidence described in detail in the factual basis portion of the plea agreement.

Defendant, Roberto Delgado Jimenez, agreed with the evidence included in the plea agreement. Counsel for Defendant and the Government attested to Defendant's competency and capability to enter an informed plea of guilty. The Defendant agreed with the evidence presented by the Government and personally testified that he was entering his guilty plea knowingly, freely, and voluntarily.

RECOMMENDED DISPOSITION

IT IS THEREFORE the recommendation of the undersigned United States Magistrate Judge that the District Court accept the Guilty Plea of Defendant which the undersigned determines to be supported by an independent factual basis establishing each of the essential elements of the offense charged in Count 1 of the charging Indictment on file in this criminal proceeding. The Court also recommends that the District Court accept the plea agreement. Accordingly, it is further recommended that, Defendant, Roberto Delgado Jimenez, be finally adjudged as guilty of the charged offense under Title 21, United States Code, Section 846.

Defendant is ordered to report to the United States Probation Department for the preparation of a presentence report. At the plea hearing, the Court admonished the Defendant that the District Court may reject his plea. The District Court may defer its decision to accept or reject the plea agreement until there has been an opportunity to consider the presentence report. *See* FED. R. CRIM. P. 11(c)(3).

[&]quot;(3) Judicial Consideration of a Plea Agreement.

⁽A) To the extent the plea agreement is of the type specified in Rule 11(c)(1)(A) or (C), the court may accept the agreement, reject it, or defer a decision until the court has reviewed the presentence report.

⁽B) To the extent the plea agreement is of the type specified in Rule 11(c)(1)(B), the court must advise the defendant that the defendant has no right to withdraw the plea if the court does not follow the recommendation or request.

⁽⁴⁾ Accepting a Plea Agreement. If the court accepts the plea agreement, it must inform the defendant that to the extent the plea agreement is of the type specified in Rule 11(c)(1)(A) or (C), the agreed disposition will be included in the judgment.

⁽⁵⁾ Rejecting a Plea Agreement. If the court rejects a plea agreement containing provisions of the type specified in Rule 11(c)(1)(A) or (C), the court must do the following on the record and in open court (or, for good cause, in camera):

⁽A) inform the parties that the court rejects the plea agreement;

⁽B) advise the defendant personally that the court is not required to follow the plea agreement and give the defendant an opportunity to withdraw the plea; and

⁽C) advise the defendant personally that if the plea is not withdrawn, the court may dispose of the case less favorably toward the defendant than the plea agreement contemplated." FED. CRIM. P. 11(c)(3)-(5).

OBJECTIONS

Within ten (10) days after receipt of this report, any party may serve and file written

objections to the report and recommendation of the Magistrate Judge pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §

636(b)(1)(C). Failure to file written objections to the proposed findings of facts, conclusions of

law, and recommendations contained within this report within ten (10) days after service shall

bar an aggrieved party from de novo review by the District Judge of the proposed findings,

conclusions, and recommendations, and from appellate review of factual findings and legal

conclusions accepted by the District Court except on grounds of plain error. Douglass v. United

Serv. Auto. Ass'n., 79 F.3d 1415 (5th Cir. 1996) (en banc); 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). The

constitutional safeguards afforded by Congress and the courts require that, when a party takes

advantage of his right to object to a magistrate's findings or recommendation, a district judge

must exercise its nondelegable authority by considering the actual evidence and not merely by

reviewing and blindly adopting the magistrate's report and recommendation. See Hernandez v.

Estelle, 711 F.2d 619, 620 (5th Cir. 1983); United States v. Elsoffer, 644 F.2d 357, 359 (5th Cir.

1981) (per curiam).

SIGNED this the 25th day of February, 2010.

KEITH F. GIBLIN

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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